UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY SENATE

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Special Session

October 3, 2005 3:00 p.m. 203 Main Building Office of the Chair Lexington, Kentucky

Dr. Ernie Yanarella, Chair

An/Dor Reporting & Video Technologies, Inc. 179 East Maxwell Street Lexington, Kentucky 40508 (859)254-0568 University of Kentucky Senate * * * * * * *

ERNIE YANARELLA, CHAIR GIFFORD BLYTON, PARLIAMENTARIAN REBECCA SCOTT, SECRETARY TO SENATE COUNCIL ROBYN BARRETT, COURT REPORTER

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1	CHAIR YANARELLA: We are fortunate to
2	have the President here, and so I
3	would like to call to order the
4	October 3rd, 2005 University Senate
5	Meeting, a special meeting. Our
6	first point of business is approval
7	of Minutes of the September 12, 2005
8	Senate Meeting. Are there any
9	corrections that any Senators would
10	like to make? Davy Jones.
11	JONES: Just a friendly amendment on the
12	last page there, last paragraph.
13	Jones made the motion, it was
14	seconded, and there being no
15	discussion, a vote of the elected
16	faculty senators; "faculty" should
17	be put in there.
18	CHAIR YANARELLA: Yes, that is correct.
19	I had made the correction in one
20	place but evidently did not then
21	send that on to Rebecca for
22	correction. Thank you. Any other
23	corrections? There being no others,
24	the minutes stand as approved.
25	Secondly, I would like to remind you

1	of the regular October 10th Senate
2	Meeting, which will be held at the
3	Young Library Auditorium, as
4	customary, from 3:00 until
5	5:00 p.m. We will have a full
6	agenda, and that agenda has either
7	gone out or will go out shortly to
8	all of you, and I would urge you to
9	be in attendance for that meeting.
10	We will be taking up a number of
11	important issues. One last
12	announcement, and that is that if
13	you have not signed in, there are
14	sign-in sheets over to my far
15	right. At the end of the meeting,
16	please avail yourself of that
17	opportunity. Our primary agenda
18	item and business for today is to
19	welcome back to the University
20	Senate President Lee Todd, who is
21	also the University Senate Chair. I
22	welcome you in two of those roles,
23	Lee. Our thanks for carving out of
24	your very busy and heavily committed
25	schedule this opportunity to allow

1	us to hear your State of the
2	University Address relatively early
3	in the semester. When Lee
4	communicated through Judi Quire that
5	essentially every Senate meeting
6	date was occupied with irrevocable
7	commitments, Rebecca and Judy put
8	their heads together and helped to
9	negotiate a time when Lee would be
10	available, and I want to thank you
11	for making yourself available to
12	us. Your address has been primed by
13	the Interim Provost Presentation,
14	which took place at the first Senate
15	meeting of the academic year this
16	past September. Lee, I think there
17	is a pervasive sense on campus that
18	this is an absolutely crucial year
19	for this university in so many
20	different respects. We look forward
21	to hearing where we have been, where
22	we are, and where your leadership
23	and our active involvement will
24	perhaps take us in its quest for
25	quality and excellence in higher

1	education and in service to the
2	Commonwealth and to its citizens.
3	We appreciate your willingness, as
4	well, to address questions from the
5	floor in a Q & A period after your
6	presentation. So without further
7	ado, let me cede the podium and let
8	you proceed.
9	PRESIDENT TODD: I apologize for being
LO	late. I don't know if Ernie said,
L1	but we just put our 21-year-old cat
L2	to sleep, which is something we knew
L3	we were going to have to do, but we
L4	weren't sure when. So that's an
L5	inspirational beginning to this
L6	presentation: We had to put the cat
L7	to sleep. I'm not trying to win
L8	sympathy; that's just a fact.
L9	SCOTT: There you are, sir.
20	PRESIDENT TODD: Very good. Thank you
21	very much, Rebecca. Well, welcome
22	back to the university and thank you
23	all for coming here to this room for
24	this particular presentation. I am
25	going to do as Ernie said: Take you

1 through some of the past, present, and a little bit of the future as 2 3 best as we can see the future in 4 this state at this point in time. But I'm going to take you through 5 6 some of the strategic plan. I'll do 7 this fairly quickly. It's on the Web site, and this is a document --8 9 we haven't gotten it fully printed yet, but all of the measures that 10 11 we're tracking are in here, and I 12 would encourage you to look at 13 that. I'll just take you through 14 that part. Then I want to say a 15 little bit about the Dream Tour that 16 we had this summer -- some of you 17 participated in that -- what the 18 purpose of that was and what some of 19 the outcomes were, and then finally 20 talk to you about this business plan 21 approach and the legislative session coming at us, so you'll understand 22 23 where we are in that process. 24 of the goals that we set in the 25 national prominence arena is to

1	increase the number of Top 20
2	programs that we have. And one of
3	the things that I said since the
4	beginning is that we're going to get
5	there one program at a time. If you
6	notice, in the upper right corner,
7	there's a star up there and that's
8	Connie Ray's indication of saying
9	that we have met this goal, because
10	we wanted to increase, from 10 to
11	15, the number of those programs,
12	and we're now at 16. So we count
13	that one as a success. Another one,
14	and I know, having served on this
15	faculty that there's generally a
16	disconnect between the Medical
17	Center and the main campus. We
18	don't really sometimes get all the
19	numbers from the Medical Center
20	area, but this is an important piece
21	of our function. Unlike some
22	institutions, the hospital sits on
23	our books and the whole medical
24	complex does, and we've had quite a
25	success story over there, I think

recently. And their success does 1 2 help us out in a lot of these other 3 measures. We had wanted their 4 clinical income, which had kind of 5 sagged, and you can see it was fairly flat there for 2000, 2001, 6 7 and 2002. We wanted that clinical revenue to pick up, and after some 8 9 of the changes that we've made, we've exceeded the goal of 525 10 11 million by about 70 million 12 dollars. And that's important, 13 because one of our biggest outreach 14 efforts, and one of the places that, 15 just to be pragmatic about it, that 16 we buy ourselves goodwill from the 17 legislature and some of the citizens 18 is through our medical outreach 19 program. And the clinical side, the 20 thing I'm pleased with now is that 21 we've defined our strategy of how 22 we're really going to go out and 23 work with communities and make it 24 clear to the physicians that if they 25 refer patients to us, because they

1	:	have very needy problems, ones that
2		they have been sending their
3]	patients to Vanderbilt or to
4		Cincinnati for or out of state,
5	1	Mayo, that we need them to be
6		sending them here, but we're not
7		going to try to keep that patient.
8	,	We want that patient to stay and
9		that patient's family members to
10		stay in their community, because we
11		have been sending mixed signals, and
12		I think that's going to pay us big
13	,	dividends, both from goodwill and
14		from future patients. The other
15		area is the endowment, and one of
16		the reasons that this endowment has
17	:	been able to go up is not because of
18		the stock market, which has eaten
19		some of our endowment over the last
20		few years, but it's come back
21		finally, as you can tell by looking
22		at your TIA credit balance sheet,
23	:	but the Bucks for Brains program has
24	:	been instrumental in helping us
25		raise some additional funding. And

1	it's not just the fact that we've
2	exceeded our half-a-million-dollar
3	goal by 38 million at this point in
4	time, which I'm pretty impressed
5	with; it's because we've been able
6	to bring in a lot more investors to
7	the state or to the university
8	than what we had previously. And if
9	you look at the number of accounts
10	that we've established because we
11	have new people involved, that bodes
12	well for us going forward. One
13	statistic I don't have on here is
14	that we used to not go after
15	bequests in the past very
16	aggressively. Two years ago we had
17	17 bequests to come to our benefit,
18	and this past year we had 47. And
19	those are significant because some
20	of those are the final estates that
21	people have left, and their residual
22	estates are generally worth more
23	than what they thought they were.
24	And so we've got this machine
25	rolling much better now. When we

1	talk about trying to catch people
2	who are up in this upper echelon,
3	this Top 20 area, their endowments
4	are far beyond ours. And if you
5	look at the fact that we've gone
6	from 195 million to over 500
7	we're actually at about 550 million
8	as we speak that's a pretty
9	incredible accomplishment. And a
10	lot of deans, a lot of faculty, a
11	lot of staff members have put an
12	effort into that that I want to
13	applaud. When we look at the
14	students that we bring in, I think
15	this is a meaningful display,
16	because the green bar or the red
17	bar shows what the Kentucky ACT
18	scores are. The green bar shows
19	where the national average is, and
20	then the blue bar represents the
21	students that we're bringing in at
22	this point in time. We'd like to
23	get that moved up to the 28 level.
24	We're getting closer, but that
25	number doesn't jump up very quickly,

1	because it's a hard one to move, but
2	it certainly does speak well for the
3	caliber of the class that we are
4	bringing in at this point in time.
5	We've missed the enrollment goals
6	that we set some time ago. These
7	goals that you see that are set up
8	there, like for 2004 we had 18,707.
9	We came in below that, and a large
10	part of that is because of budget
11	cuts. We did increase the freshman
12	class size up to 4,000 two years
13	ago. We cut it back to around 3,900
14	last year; it's around 3,900 this
15	year. And we did that intentionally
16	because we could not add faculty and
17	we didn't want to continue to push
18	through this envelope to get that,
19	to meet that ultimate goal of 19,000
20	at this point in time, but we still
21	track it. The first and second year
22	retention, we've set a pretty
23	aggressive goal of 83 percent.
24	We're not there. That's an area
25	that needs work. Clearly one way to

1	do that is by bringing in, you know,
2	stronger students, better advising.
3	I did ask Connie Ray and her group,
4	two years ago, I guess, to look at
5	the students who didn't come back
6	after the first year to try to find
7	out, did they go to another college,
8	and call them, if we found some of
9	them, and ask them: Why didn't you
10	come back? I think the biggest
11	reasons the largest number of
12	comments was they wanted to be
13	closer to home. Is that true? And
14	so if that's the biggest problem,
15	then you try to set in some
16	strategies which will try to keep
17	them here, but I think some of
18	that's just a Kentucky thing. But
19	there were financial reasons or
20	other reasons, but we did want to go
21	in and analyze that so we can set
22	some strategies to improve. Our
23	graduation rate is clearly something
24	that, if the State of Kentucky is
25	going to get the number of graduates

1 that they want out in the population 2 by 2020, this is something we have 3 to be -- you can't just bring them 4 in; you've got to get them out. And 5 we do by far the best job in the State of Kentucky. This number sits 6 7 right at the goal of 60 percent. When you look -- a little later I'll 8 9 come back and go through details, not today, but on this Top 20 Plan, 10 11 we really need to be above 70 12 percent. So we've got quite a bit of work to do here. But 13 14 Louisville's number is 35 percent 15 for their graduation rate, and I 16 think the others are -- everybody 17 else is lower than we are, so it's something we're proud of locally but 18 19 not nationally, I guess is the best 20 way to say. When we look at this 21 one, and I show this one a lot as 22 well as associated graphs of where 23 our salaries stand relative to our 24 peers, because we have not made 25 headway on this one, even though

1	this last year we did get a budget
2	increase from Frankfort. We were
3	able to do a four percent raise and
4	put in some additional money for
5	some leveling out for staff and some
6	fighting fund, that we called it,
7	for faculty, we still are sliding on
8	the salary scale. And this, again,
9	the second time, as we go through
10	this budget process, it's my
11	highest priority is to try to get
12	the salaries up there, because it's
13	just vitally important for retention
14	and just for what's right. The
15	research goal, that's a pretty
16	dramatic curve. It goes up nicely
17	to the right. We haven't gotten the
18	2005 numbers 2005 numbers yet,
19	but we feel that we might have
20	topped the goal. Do you have them?
21	RAY: It's over 140 million. I'm not
22	sure exactly where it is.
23	PRESIDENT TODD: Okay. I could tell she
24	was saying, "Don't say anything."
25	Anyway, we feel good about meeting

this goal. And I have to say that 1 at a time when federal budgets 2 3 aren't going up a whole lot, you 4 know, you measure different things. 5 This is federal dollars, and we did move from 31st to 28th last year in 6 7 federal dollars, which we're in the 8 20's, which I think we can all be 9 very proud of. When you measure and total the grants and contracts 10 received, we were at 274 million 11 12 last year. And this is expenditure 13 data you're looking at here, but at 14 274 million, we were up 36 million over last year. And that's a pretty 15 16 good hike when you consider what's 17 going on with the federal budget. 18 They're not going up nearly that 19 fast, so I think we can take some real satisfaction in how these 20 21 numbers have moved. A measure of 22 our graduate quality is how many 23 doctoral students we have enrolled 24 and how many degrees are we 25 awarding. Jeannine Blackwell, Dean

Blackwell, announced at graduation 1 2 last May that we had set a record of 3 276 doctoral degrees granted for the 4 university, which puts us above the 5 goal of 250. And that was a 6 significant jump up from the prior 7 year, so that one we're feeling very good about. And the doctoral 8 9 enrollment is still lagging, so there's more work, obviously, to do 10 there. Post-doc, again, I think if 11 12 you go back to that research curve 13 and you see how it was kind of going 14 up to the right, this one's doing somewhat similar because the more 15 16 research you bring in, the more 17 post-docs you can have, and that 18 goal has already been made. I might 19 say, as I'm talking about this 20 particular plan, that in the spring 21 we'll get into the next one, because 22 this is the third year of this 23 plan. And that's why we need to take a relook at that. And one of 24 25 the things that's been suggested is

19	
1	we broaden the base of people who
2	put in information into how we
3	develop that strategic plan, because
4	we can become more and more
5	focused. As Professor Yanarella
6	said a moment ago, this is a
7	critical year for us. I'll tell you
8	why I think it is, in this whole
9	House Bill 1 challenge to be a Top
10	20 institution. It's also a
11	critical year because we've been
12	through three years where we
13	measured a lot of stuff. We've got
14	to decide how to set goals for the
15	next three years, and that process
16	will take place and you-all will be
17	a part of that. Here's an area that
18	we've got a challenge in, and this
19	is in the diversity area. If you
20	look at the red circles, you'll see
21	that our undergraduate enrollment
22	and first-year retention are not
23	where they need to be. We took a

24

25

big hit this year in our freshman

class for African American

1	students. We were down 40 percent,
2	gotten a lot of publicity. I've got
3	a meeting just after this with the
4	Registrar and several other people
5	to look at the strategies we're
6	going to put in place to start
7	looking at a broader range of things
8	that indicate to us who can be
9	successful with this institution and
10	not just rely as heavily as we have
11	been on the ACT scores. But the
12	six-year graduation rate, we're only
13	at 81 percent of where we want to be
14	there, 92 percent in the 2004/2005
15	area. But I think it's important
16	for you to know that we are
17	measuring these things. We are
18	taking the time, when we miss a
19	number, to understand why we missed
20	it and try to figure out how we can
21	correct that situation. So this
22	area for student enrollment is very
23	high on our minds. One of the
24	things that I want to do is to talk
25	to those students who will be

1 graduating this next year, the African American students who have 2 3 made it through this process, and 4 try to interview them and see: What 5 are some of the pointers that we 6 should have caught back when they 7 were freshman, when they were making their freshman applications, what 8 9 are the indications that they are going to be successful, so that we 10 11 can broaden the range of things we 12 look at, like their leadership 13 participation, their work 14 experiences while they were in high school, and several things. We're 15 16 going to add some people to our 17 Registrar's staff, because we are 18 going to have to be spending a lot 19 more time looking at applications 20 than we have in the past. And so 21 there'll be some real actions, and 22 you'll be seeing regular reportings 23 on what we're going to do to correct 24 this issue, because it's extremely 25 important to us that we get that

right. The same thing with the 1 faculty and other professionals: 2 3 For the African Americans, we have 4 red circles there. We have done a 5 better job with female faculty and administrators, but we are still 6 7 falling behind with African American hires. There are some things we're 8 9 doing in HR which will help us do a better job putting together more 10 competitive pools. And again, this 11 12 is an area of strong emphasis for us 13 at this point in time. I will be 14 appointing another head of the Diversity Commission. Deneese Jones 15 16 did a very good job with that. She 17 had a lot -- most of our deans 18 (inaudible) drew up a report on how 19 we should take action in order to 20 correct some of the situations which 21 are on the previous slides, and 22 we'll put another person in place 23 and we'll get back on that task 24 force report soon. When we look at this quality of life issue, we're 25

1	talking about the patents. That's
2	something that the CPE and this
3	Governor are very interested in.
4	We've achieved this goal. There's
5	some fairly noteworthy patents
6	coming out in the area of
7	pharmaceuticals and the ag area,
8	engineering area. We're trying to
9	track how we are doing in service in
10	some quantitative ways. It's a hard
11	one to measure, but we feel that if
12	we measure the extramural funding
13	that we receive from grants and
14	contracts, and you've seen it's gone
15	up significantly look at the
16	green bars and also total. This
17	is the amount of money that we are
18	spending trying to do service to our
19	citizens here in the State of
20	Kentucky and to try to use that
21	learning to extend across the nation
22	to other populations, so we've done
23	well there. If you go through the
24	list, and I won't go through all
25	these in detail, we've achieved 14

of these key indicators. We have
made progress on five, and we've got
six where we need to do even
better. I mentioned the salaries.
I would like to draw your attention
to the two: The National Academy
Memberships and the Nationally-
Recognized Faculty Awards. I'm not
sure we do as good a job as we
should by nominating our own people,
because if you don't nominate, you
know, you don't even get in the
running. So we need to really focus
on, because we do have Professor
Jennings was just elected to the
National Academy for Public
Administration, which is the highest
honor that you can get in that
particular field. But we need to be
making more of those nominations,
and I think that's on all of us,
because I get things that come
across my desk for different awards,
and I try to give it some thought.
But let's get better at that so we

1	can not only move up the numbers.
2	It's not just for the numbers; it's
3	for the prestige, and it's for the
4	satisfaction we bring to those
5	individuals that are raised to that
6	rank, and it makes us all look
7	better. So this is kind of the
8	update on the plan that we put in
9	place sometime ago, and there's some
10	victories; there's some minor
11	achievements; and then there's some
12	other areas that we really need to
13	work on. I might just stop and take
14	questions on that part, and then
15	I'll kind of go into some of this
16	other, if anybody's got any
17	questions or clarifications that
18	you'd like for me to make. Yes,
19	Davy.
20	JONES: I'll ask a question I asked two
21	years ago at this meeting, and it's
22	the research funding line.
23	PRESIDENT TODD: Right.
24	JONES: And you showed the steady
25	increase going up. Is there a

1	component of your think tank, you
2	know, that's sitting there saying:
3	Well, for the number of faculty we
4	have in these disciplines, there's
5	this much remaining money out there,
6	that if they were all doing
7	optimally, our faculty would bring
8	in another 50 million or 100.
9	What's left out there that we
10	haven't gotten?
11	PRESIDENT TODD: Well, I don't remember
12	that question two years ago, but I'm
13	older than you are, though, Davy.
14	CHAIR YANARELLA: It's obvious he
15	doesn't remember the answer.
16	PRESIDENT TODD: That's right. I could
17	have fallen back on that, except
18	Rebecca keeps notes over here. You
19	know, I think one concern I have is
20	whether we're topping out in some
21	areas, that we have some departments
22	where the faculty had grants,
23	everybody in the department has a
24	grant, and they don't have any more
25	lab space. And so I've been looking

1	more at that: Where are we leveling
2	out? Where are we holding ourselves
3	back? I think that's the place
4	where we'll pick up. So there is
5	more money out there with NIH;
6	they're not going up, but we're not
7	getting all of it. But we've got to
8	have more people shooting at it, and
9	I think we have added quite a few
10	more faculty in the medical area, in
11	particular, and some in
12	engineering. I'm not sure if
13	there's many in ag, but we have been
14	adding some personnel to go after
15	some more of the NIH fund. We've
16	got some more space over here, and
17	that's a critical holdback. So I
18	don't look at it as how much is out
19	there as much as I do: Where are we
20	constricting ourselves to be
21	competitive, either because we don't
22	have the personnel or we don't have
23	the facilities or we're losing
24	personnel. We did extrapolate this
25	growth. I don't think you can

1 repeat the 15 percent over and over 2 again in this climate, unless you 3 bring in other people. Now, I will tell you that there was a period of 4 5 time three years ago when we were losing people who were taking their 6 7 RO1 grants with them. But now we have actually been hiring, in the 8 9 last two years, people who are bringing R01s with them. So that's 10 the reversal of that flow. And so 11 12 there is a way that you can jump up 13 a bit. So there's -- if we can 14 expand the faculty, which we have not done significantly across the 15 campus, and I'll get into that in 16 just a few minutes, that's where 17 18 we'll be able to pick up some more 19 dollars, just to have some more fire 20 power. Any other questions? Let me 21 tell you something about this Dream 22 Tour. Some of you were out here --23 I thought it was interesting: We 24 had quite a few people who weren't 25 here this summer, but we had it on

1	the front lawn, and we it kicked
2	off. One of our board (inaudible)
3	people in the Development Office was
4	out there serving Dreamsicles, which
5	I thought was a little bit in the
6	theme of the thing. But we went to
7	22 cities, 1,600 miles, in nine
8	days. And part of the goal was to
9	reengage with the State of
10	Kentucky. It was interesting, when
11	we went to Henderson, Terry Mobley,
12	who many of you know has been here
13	forever don't tell him I said
14	that, but he's been here a while, he
15	said, "I haven't been to Henderson
16	since 1997," which is when
17	(inaudible) community colleges were
18	moved. When we went into the 11
19	cities that had community colleges
20	on this trip, every one of them
21	admitted the fact that UK logo
22	wasn't in their town. And just from
23	a political point of view, if you
24	don't if you haven't thought
25	about what happened to us when that

1	House Bill 1 was passed, we lost
2	access to 120 legislators who live
3	in those communities. Eight out of
4	eight people in the leadership of
5	the House live in community college
6	towns, and five out of eight in the
7	Senate live in community college
8	towns. So we really did get
9	stripped away some of the political
10	prowess that we had because those
11	people paid more attention to UK
12	when we were in their cities. So
13	the Dream Tour is a way to go back
14	and show them that UK was still, in
15	fact, interested in the rest of the
16	state, not just Lexington. We had
17	some deans that went with us; we had
18	several administrators; we had
19	several students. We met with
20	editorial boards; we met with
21	prospective students; we met with
22	legislators. In Louisville, we had
23	16 events in that one day in
24	Louisville. I did three TV stations
25	before 6:30 in the morning. I'm not

1 a morning person, so that was a 2 challenge. I don't want to see 3 those reruns. Did the Joe Hall/ 4 Denny Crum radio show, did the Terry 5 Meiners radio show. But there's a real appetite for the University of 6 7 Kentucky in Louisville, and we serve that community quite well. But as 8 9 we went around that tour, several things became evident to me, and so 10 it was useful, and it was kind of an 11 12 unintended consequence, I think, to 13 that. One thing that I became very 14 aware of is -- and I said this; this wasn't long after March Madness --15 16 is that Kentucky has a basketball 17 (inaudible). You know, everywhere 18 you go, they ask you about your 19 basketball program. They don't ask 20 about football as much, but that's 21 another thing. But they -- they 22 know why it's so important that we 23 have a Top 10 basketball program. 24 They're thoroughly convinced of 25 that, and they know who we should

1	recruit, and they know how we should
2	play the game, how many three-point
3	shots. And they know the strategy.
4	They know it all about basketball,
5	but they don't ever research for
6	cultural (inaudible). And I can say
7	that; I'm a native Kentuckian. They
8	don't understand, if you were to
9	take a poll out there: Why should
10	UK be a Top 20 institution? They'd
11	have a hard time answering that.
12	When I was down at Paducah, I met
13	with a Paducah newspaper this was
14	before the Dream Tour because
15	they had taken me to task fairly
16	severely in an editorial because I
17	had had the audacity to say, when we
18	were getting our budget cuts, that
19	if legislators don't vote to
20	increase taxes, they shouldn't be
21	reelected. And that paper thought
22	we should be cutting taxes even
23	further. So I had a philosophical
24	difference, so we went down to meet
25	with them. And the editor asked me

1 or told me, I guess, you know, 2 "You've got to be able to convince 3 the person on the tractor down here 4 in Fulton County why he needs to pay 5 higher taxes so you can have a better university." This is from an 6 7 educated person. My first reaction was to say, "Tell him that's not his 8 9 granddaddy's tractor. You know, he's probably depositing fertilizer 10 11 using a global positioning system 12 with coordinates he got off the 13 Internet. He's probably running a 14 hydraulic system with one finger in an air-conditioned cabin. All that 15 stuff was researched somewhere at 16 some point in time. Kentucky has 17 18 always bought other people's ideas 19 because we have not invested in our 20 own people to have our own ideas so 21 we can market those things, " and so that's the twist. And the second 22 23 thing I told him was that one of my definitions of leadership is you've 24 25 got to take people where they need

1	to go, whether they know it or not,
2	because if we wait for the people of
3	Kentucky to vote to tell us to have
4	a top university, it will be a
5	while, but they need to go there,
6	whether they totally realize that or
7	not. But after thinking about it, I
8	did realize that it is our
9	responsibility to convince people
10	why they need a Top 20 university
11	because nobody else is going to do
12	it for us. The comprehensives don't
13	have a real mission to help us sell
14	that. It's up to us. Louisville's
15	got a research mission, so they
16	they will chip in some, but we've
17	got to do that. And one way we can
18	do it is make research and
19	creativity real to the people of the
20	state, and so that was the other
21	part of this trip, was to start
22	talking about some of the things
23	we're doing across the state to try
24	to help the state improve its
25	condition, and I think it was very

1	beneficial. There were a few places
2	where the audience told us some
3	things that we were doing that we
4	weren't aware of. Up in Northern
5	Kentucky, the fellow who runs the
6	track up there stood up after lunch
7	and said, "You know, we had this
8	herpes virus that hit our stalls
9	about 36 hours before we had our big
10	Lane's End race this year, and we
11	were going to have to cancel that
12	race. But we called UK's Gluck
13	Equine Center, got ahold of Peter
14	Timoney, and he told us what kind of
15	quarantines we could apply, what
16	kind of things we could do, and we
17	were able to have that race." But
18	just a few weeks later, and you may
19	have read about it, Churchill Downs
20	was hit with that same virus after
21	the Derby, and there was a
22	possibility that Jacomo would not be
23	able to go to the Preakness because
24	of that. They called Turfway;
25	Turfway told them to call IIK: IIK

1	solved the problem, and so forth.
2	And so we heard stories down in
3	Lebanon. One of our ER doctors had
4	gone down to train the Lebanon
5	hospital ER people on stroke. And
6	two days after that, a 33-year-old
7	woman walked in and had a stroke.
8	They were able to use the protocols
9	to stabilize her and to get her up
10	here, and by the time we were on the
11	Dream Tour, she was back at work.
12	But, you know, when you hear those
13	stories out there, we've got to find
14	ways to make sure that people
15	understand that it's because we are
16	a special place. We have those
17	skills and those abilities, and
18	we've got to do that across all
19	aspects. When you go to Pikeville
20	and you hear that you have a fine
21	arts agent in Pikeville, Kentucky,
22	who the community is willing to step
23	up and pay for that's associated
24	with our extension office, that's
25	meeting a need that those people

1	feel that they have to have more
2	creativity in that space. So as we
3	went through this, we wanted to
4	reengage people. We wanted to give
5	them a sense of where we were on
6	this Top 20 mission and remind them
7	about it, because it's been eight
8	years since this that law was
9	passed and let them know that we
10	care about some of the problems and
11	some of the approaches we're
12	taking. You'll be hearing more
13	about the Commonwealth
14	Collaboratives, because we announced
15	those. We've kind of codified them
16	a bit tighter now, but these are
17	areas there are 23 of them
18	where we are going to take on some
19	of the problems of Kentucky. We've
20	got faculty members who have
21	volunteered to take on these areas,
22	in diabetes, methamphetamine, some
23	areas of energy, the equine
24	industry. Some of these are what I
25	call "Kentucky ugly"; some of them

1	are economic development
2	opportunities, and some are
3	educational opportunities, like the
4	Great Schools Initiative that we
5	were doing with Fayette County. But
6	these are ways that we can actually
7	package some of the good work that
8	you-all do and your compatriots do.
9	We can package what you do in such a
10	way that the people can understand
11	it better and they can see the
12	impact we have. And some of those
13	results will bring research money,
14	will help us move up that research
15	funding ladder. I think they just
16	got a \$600,000 grant for the meth
17	program from someone. But these are
18	the areas where we have to explain
19	to people why the university has got
20	to have the research base, the
21	knowledge base, the creativity, so
22	we can pull this state forward. And
23	I think it was a good I think it
24	was a good trip. I enjoyed it a
25	lot. It was kind of exhausting, but

1	there's a lot of goodwill out
2	there. We need more of you-all just
3	for simple things. When we were in
4	Northern Kentucky, Patsy went out
5	during dinner when I was speaking
6	and went to one or two high schools
7	to present scholarships to
8	scholarship recipients that
9	morning. While we were in
10	Louisville, she went out to one or
11	two high schools and did the same
12	thing. We've heard about that ten
13	different places since we since
14	that time, because it makes an
15	impression that UK is out there. We
16	could have some of our faculty go
17	out to many high schools, just to
18	touch them. When we were at East
19	Carter High School, we learned that
20	we got the principal's son, so he's
21	a freshman up here this year, a
22	really sharp kid, but we missed the
23	top girl in that school, and she
24	went to the University of
25	Louisville Well we got back on

1	the bus and Wendy Baldwin and I
2	think Kay Hoffman pulled me back in
3	the back of the bus and said, "You
4	know, we're not recruiting the way
5	we need to recruit. You need to
6	send us out to go call on two
7	schools every year so that we can
8	we, UK, can get out here and say
9	we're interested in them." As we
10	look at the diversity issue, we're
11	going to have to get out more, too,
12	and so we do need more of us
13	involved in (inaudible). If you
14	just go out and you've got the UK
15	moniker with you, people pay
16	attention to that and they
17	appreciate it. And the state is
18	kind of hungry for this university
19	to get out into other areas. We're
20	not going to go after community
21	colleges again. That's a done deal,
22	but there are so many things that we
23	can do uniquely for this state that
24	others can't do. And I think what I
25	learned on this Dream Tour is they

1	want that. I started out in each of
2	those sessions by talking about our
3	undergraduate initiatives because,
4	as I said earlier, one of my
5	concerns is that people think that
6	we're going to become some research
7	institution, just based on
8	publications and research that other
9	people want us to do, and the state
10	will not feel the impact on their
11	investment or on our improvement.
12	And so I talked about the fact that
13	we expanded the Honors Programs,
14	we've added the living/learning
15	centers. We had not, at that time,
16	announced the Shelby Center for
17	Undergraduate Excellence, but I
18	think it's important for you-all to
19	know and for the state to know and
20	for the legislators to know: We are
21	not taking our eyes off the
22	undergraduate program. We've got to
23	continue to invest in that because
24	that really is the lodestone. One
25	thing up for this year that I need

1	your help with is the Undergraduate
2	Studies Program review. There's
3	been work going on in that effort.
4	I just appointed a Joint Provost
5	Senate Task Force to look into USP.
6	It served us well over the last
7	several years, but it's time now to
8	look at it again, look at it in
9	light of what's going on in the
10	world out there, look at it in the
11	light of what other universities are
12	doing. And I'd ask you to look at
13	it as quickly as you did with the
14	MBA program. I was talking with
15	Rebecca; you-all took 23 days, I
16	think, from the time that the MBA
17	program was submitted until you-all
18	okayed it. That's a credit, I
19	think, to Dean Sudharshan and his
20	faculty for packaging it so that you
21	didn't have to keep going back and
22	forth, and it's a credit to you-all
23	for moving through that process
24	quickly, because we did have to move
25	at a time that keeps pace with our

1	competition, and we do have to do
2	things right. But this is a time, I
3	think, to look at the Studies
4	Program and I'll make my short ad
5	for The World is Flat, which is a
6	book that some of you may have seen
7	that Thomas Friedman wrote, which
8	talks about how this world is
9	changing competitively and how it
10	will affect us culturally, how it
11	will affect us socially, how it will
12	affect us economically, how it will
13	affect us intellectually. And I
14	think that book could be a guide to
15	some of the discussions that we
16	should have, as a broad conversation
17	across this campus, about USP. It's
18	time that it's changed; it's time
19	it's changed in a way that you-all
20	have your input into it; and it's
21	time that we really take it
22	seriously, to make that program more
23	integrated in the educational
24	experience. When I was a professor
25	and we had something that almost

1	looked like what it does now it
2	wasn't exactly but it's almost
3	like we've got to choose one from
4	column A and two from column B and
5	watch out for column C and don't get
6	mixed up or you'll be here for the
7	rest of your life. And it just
8	didn't feel like it was something
9	that added to that total education
10	experience; it wasn't integrated
11	enough. And so that's the challenge
12	for this year, and I really look
13	forward to seeing what you come up
14	with. You're seeing some of these
15	enrollment numbers: A record 26,682
16	students, 3,900 entering freshmen.
17	This is a breakdown of the quality
18	of that freshman class. I think if
19	you look at 26 percent of our
20	freshman had ACTs over 28, that's an
21	additional 50 students this year,
22	over last year's student body that
23	had that high of an ACT. And where
24	you see 38 percent of the freshman
25	class had a high school GPA of 3.8

1	or higher, 171 more students entered
2	this class this year with a 3.8 or
3	above GPA. So I do think that the
4	quality is continuing to go up. I'm
5	very proud of the fact that we've
6	been able to maintain quality while
7	we've increased the size of that
8	class. I won't say a whole lot
9	about the budget, except one point
10	that I think was a surprise to a lot
11	of people on the Dream Tour is this
12	18 percent over here of the state
13	appropriation. You know, if you ask
14	most people around Kentucky, "How
15	much does the State of Kentucky give
16	the University of Kentucky for
17	operating expenses," they would
18	probably say, "Oh, 50, 60, 75
19	percent." We get 18 percent. Part
20	of that's because of our own success
21	at driving those other pieces of the
22	pie. We have, you know, research
23	income that's going up. We have the
24	medical side that's coming up. We
25	also I think it would surprise

people that only eight percent of 1 our income is from tuition. 2 3 awful lot of what we do comes from 4 us and from our successes, and we 5 have to continue to work hard to make ourselves as independent of the 6 7 state government as possible. And I say that because this state doesn't 8 9 have enough money to make us a Top 20 school. We've got to do 10 11 everything we can do to help 12 increase the other pieces of that 13 pie. We need to get our fair share 14 from the state, and we want those dollar values to increase, but we 15 need to be able to also drive the 16 17 other parts to that puzzle. This 18 just shows you where the money goes, 19 and 54 percent goes into education 20 in general, 26 percent to the 21 hospital, and you can see kind of the breakdown. I don't know this 22 23 (inaudible) budget presentation, but 24 let me now finish up by just saying 25 some things about this Top 20

1	Business Plan. It occurred to me
2	let me go back to House Bill 1 in
3	1997. If you contrast what the
4	state did in 1997 for higher
5	education with what they did in 1990
6	for K through 12 education, there's
7	a big difference. In 1990 they
8	passed a \$2 billion tax and the
9	lottery came in to give money to K
10	through 12 on a recurring basis to
11	help buy computers, to help increase
12	teachers' salaries, to help bring
13	equity to a system that did not have
14	equity. When they passed House Bill
15	1 for higher education reform, they
16	had some money for Bucks for Brains,
17	but it's ad hoc money. We have to
18	go fight for it every two years.
19	There's no guarantee; there's no
20	recurring number there. Plus, they
21	didn't tell us what that meant, what
22	it meant to be a Top 20
23	institution. That role wasn't
24	defined. Well, we've been at that
25	for eight years now, and I'm kind of

1	dividing House Bill 1 up into three
2	eight-year periods. It doesn't work
3	out exactly mathematically, but one
4	of those has got to be seven. But
5	you've got kind of the first eight
6	years, which I kind of call the
7	dreaming period. It's kind of
8	foggy. Somebody had a vision that
9	we ought to have a Top 20
10	university, didn't say exactly how,
11	but just kind of put it on the
12	table. It's my contention, for the
13	University of Kentucky, had they
14	really laid out exactly what they
15	wanted us to do, we would have
16	beaten every one of those numbers,
17	because our student quality is up,
18	our research is up, our endowment is
19	up. Most of the measures that they
20	would have thought of are up. Now
21	we're entering in this period, and
22	as Ernie said, this year is very
23	important, because this is kind of
24	the second phase. The first was
25	dream; the second's challenge. We

need to challenge ourselves and 1 2 challenge the state: Are we serious 3 about Top 20? Do we really, you 4 know, take this out of the sound 5 bite categorization and say, "No, this is factual. We're going to 6 shoot for this, and here's how we're 7 going to get there." In order to do 8 9 that, you've got to have a plan. 10 you make it through this phase, I 11 think that you'll succeed in the 12 last (inaudible) and you can then 13 probably make it, but you've got to 14 have a plan. And I do call this a business plan with some caution, but 15 16 it is a business plan. We're a 1.6-17 1.7 billion-dollar organization, and 18 we really need to be thinking about 19 how we're going to pull this off. 20 If you look at higher education 21 across the nation, what they do, 22 what we do is: You put a two-year 23 budget together; you go down to your 24 state capitol and you ask them for 25 that; you wait six months to see

1	what you get; and then you deal with
2	that. And then you put another
3	two-year budget together, and you
4	just kind of hop along: Two years,
5	two years, two years, two years.
6	We're putting a 15-year plan
7	together, and we're going to say, in
8	order for this to be successful, for
9	us to reach that upper number that
10	you want us to meet, we're going to
11	have to have more resources. We're
12	going to have to bring some of those
13	to the table through our own efforts
14	with development and research
15	contracts, internal allocations or
16	reallocations, but then we're going
17	to get state appropriation
18	(inaudible) tuition increases, and
19	we can lay out what we want that to
20	look like. We've hired a group
21	called Stillwater out of New Jersey
22	that's helping us look at the Top 20
23	and where they are and where we
24	think they'll be in 2020. We're
25	looking at where we are. We're

looking at four major categories, 1 because we don't want to base this 2 3 just on research. I think that 4 would be a real fallacy. But we're 5 looking at undergraduate quality, graduate quality, faculty quality, 6 7 and research, those four areas. And 8 we're measuring ourselves against 88 9 other universities, and we're showing where we stand now relative 10 11 to them and what the gaps are that 12 we have to catch up with. And once 13 you see the gaps, then you can 14 figure out: What's the strategy to 15 close that gap? And then you put the funding behind it and say: This 16 17 is what it will take to do that. So 18 that's what this business plan is 19 going to come out with, and we're 20 hoping to finish it by the end of 21 October, and I'll come back and take 22 you through the whole deal. There 23 is a presentation that I gave to the 24 board not long ago on the Web site. 25 But one of the things that it brings

1 out is that we need to be bigger. 2 There are several drivers for that, 3 and I will say we need to be bigger 4 with faculty as well as students, so 5 you don't think we're just going to 6 keep piling on students. One 7 apology I made at the A & S leadership team today is that, when 8 9 I came in, we did crank up the recruiting, but we didn't realize we 10 11 were going to have three years of 12 budget cuts. But once we got the 13 recruiting cranked up, I've chosen 14 not to back off of that, because I 15 think we're doing the right thing by 16 going after the kind of students we 17 need to bring in here. But it's 18 time that we catch up on the faculty 19 side, because we're -- we are out of 20 whack there. We've caused too much 21 pressure on many of you and your 22 other peers. But if you look at why 23 we need to be bigger, the state has 24 set a goal of having 80,000 more 25 students in postsecondary education

1	by 2020, and we've got to do our
2	share. We provide the best
3	undergraduate education in the State
4	of Kentucky and I think in some of
5	the surrounding areas, and we need
6	to take our piece of that. In
7	addition, though, if you have a
8	higher enrollment, and we're
9	talking I'll just put some
10	numbers out here. If we want to
11	catch up to where our Top 20
12	(inaudible) schools we want to look
13	like, we need to be at about 35,000,
14	so we need to be up about 6,000 more
15	students. We need, in order to keep
16	our student-faculty ratio at 15, we
17	need to have we need to get it to
18	15 first we need about 400
19	additional faculty. And we need to
20	build the faculty before we build
21	the students, so we do it in the
22	same way, so we don't just grow out
23	of whack. If we do that right, it
24	will do several things: The more
25	faculty we have, the more research

1 we can do; and the more graduates we 2 can have, the more creativity we'll 3 be able to show and demonstrate and 4 the more publications we'll have, 5 and several of those measures will go up. There's another financial 6 7 reason that you would want to do that. We have a certain operating 8 9 level. It costs us so much to run the place, and if we bring in 10 11 students above that base operating 12 level, then we have more cash we can 13 deal with. See this in your mind 14 for a second. If you bring in 6,000 more students at, let's say, \$7,000 15 16 tuition, that's \$42 million. If you 17 bring in 400 more faculty at 18 \$70,000, that's 28 million. So 19 you've got \$14 million that you can 20 use to invest into your facilities 21 or into your labs or into your 22 people. So those -- that 23 differential, you know, is one that 24 you can benefit from if you grow to 25 be bigger. And our benchmarks are

1	all bigger than we are, every one of
2	them, and the State of Kentucky
3	deserves to have a large university
4	as long as we can maintain the
5	quality. We'll have to bring in
6	more out-of-state students to do
7	that, I think, because the
8	demographics probably indicate
9	that. But what happens with a lot
10	of the bigger universities is they
11	have a larger out-of-state student
12	population than what we do. They
13	have about three times the
14	out-of-state tuition than in-state.
15	We haven't been able to do that. A
16	few years ago we significantly
17	raised the out-of-state tuition, and
18	we lost out-of-state students,
19	because like it or not, the primary
20	draw was the low tuition. But if
21	the primary draw becomes your
22	reputation, then you can increase
23	that out-of-state tuition and you
24	can bring in some additional
25	dollars So we need in order to

drive salaries where they need to 1 2 be, and that's one of the areas 3 we're missing so much, we need some 4 alternative income, and we need it 5 from some different sources. And so 6 this plan that we're working on, we 7 will be rolling it out in different 8 forums and show everybody what it 9 looks like. We'll be talking with the legislature about it. I've 10 11 already talked, I think, with 32 12 legislators. I've already met with 13 the Governor. I've met with the 14 Budget Director. I'm meeting with David Williams and Jody Richards 15 this week to let them know that I 16 17 think the University of Kentucky 18 gave up the most for House Bill 1. 19 We gave up the community college 20 system, but the quid pro quo was we 21 were supposed to now be able to show 22 and be a Top 20 university. Well, 23 we're waiting on that second piece 24 to fall in place. But we don't 25 have, I don't think, the right to go

1 down there and just bang on the 2 table and say, "more money, more 3 money, more money, " unless we give 4 them a plan, unless we show them why 5 we need that money and what we're going to do with it, from a space 6 7 allocation point of view, from a faculty salary point of view, the 8 9 staff salary point of view, from a classroom point of view and so 10 forth. So it's a piece of work I 11 12 actually sat down and -- this past week with David Ward, who's the head 13 14 of ACE, and with Peter McGraw, who is the head of NASULGC, and with 15 Rick Kirwan, who's over the Maryland 16 17 system, and took them through this 18 concept to try to do a plan, a 19 long-term plan, and they were very 20 intrigued by it. They're not aware 21 of anybody that's done this, but not 22 many people have been given this 23 goal that we were given, and we can't back off of that. I told the 24 25 A & S group this morning that I

T	talked to Dave Rosell Defore 1
2	considered applying for this job to
3	get his opinion, and one of the
4	things that Dave had said in that
5	conversation was that, "If I was
6	you, I would take that Top 20
7	challenge off the table, because why
8	have to live up to a goal that you
9	don't control?" And I said, "Well,
10	I understand that. However, the
11	State of Kentucky needs a goal that
12	they can shoot for. We need to have
13	something that differentiates us.
14	We need to have something that, when
15	we go talk to people, we're trying
16	to achieve, and we can do it. We've
17	got we have made tremendous
18	progress in probably three of the
19	worst-funded periods, you know, when
20	you look, back-to-back, three years
21	in a row, at the kind of funding
22	we've suffered through and the
23	progress we've made, I can't tell
24	you how pleased I am with the work
25	that you've gone through and proven

1	yourselves. It's been a challenge.
2	And you've made some sacrifices, and
3	we've lost some people in this
4	period of time. But if we didn't
5	have that goal, I think we'd be a
6	lot less for that. And let's say we
7	don't hit 20/20 or we don't hit the
8	Top 20 (inaudible) but 25 or 26,
9	that's an accomplishment. But I
10	think we can make it; we've got to
11	have a plan, so that's what this
12	plan is. And I think that's my last
13	slide. No, it's not. Little did I
14	know, this is one I did actually add
15	in here because when people ask,
16	"Why do we need to be Top 20," if
17	you just look at this graph, it
18	shows you. The states that have Top
19	20 universities are above the
20	national average on those things
21	where they want to be above the
22	national average, like per capita
23	income, college graduates, but
24	they're below, when you talk about
25	(inaudible) because they're a more

1	educated population. So in
2	Kentucky's case, we are below the
3	national average when you talk about
4	master's degrees, below the
5	household income by \$8,000; we're
6	below the Top 20 states by \$10,000
7	per household. (Inaudible) problem
8	out here which shows: How much
9	would that revenue mean if the State
10	of Kentucky caught up with these Top
11	20 states, and we are spending quite
12	a bit more on Medicaid right now
13	than Top 20 states have to spend.
14	So we're going to go through and
15	calculate: What would that number
16	look like, because it's going to be
17	in the millions of dollars if the
18	State of Kentucky wasn't spending
19	that money because we had a better
20	population, more educated and
21	healthier. That would give us some
22	other revenue to work with. So that
23	is the next to the last slide. When
24	we go to the legislature this year,
25	these are the things we're asking

1	for. Operating funds: That's how
2	we got the money to do the salary
3	increases last time, along with
4	tuition. We need (inaudible)
5	operating funds because we've been
6	(inaudible) I would say. We have 40
7	million dollars for the Biological
8	Pharmacy Building. What we're going
9	to do there, if we get the other 80
10	million, is build a Pharmacy
11	Building over behind the BBSRB
12	Building over on Virginia Avenue,
13	and Biology will take over the
14	Pharmacy Building. If you haven't
15	heard that plan, that's how we're
16	going to do that. We got the
17	permission to spend some of our own
18	money for our hospital expansion,
19	but we need for them to give us
20	permission to spend the rest of it.
21	It kind of drives me crazy, but
22	that's the way it works. We should
23	get that. We want (inaudible). We
24	could not build dorms when I first
25	came here because we didn't have the

authority to spend our own money for 1 2 dorms or a student center or a student health center. Even though 3 4 it's going to be paid for out of our 5 revenues, we have to get the state 6 to give us permission. We're asking 7 them to change that, to let us have some control over our own destiny. 8 9 And also capital construction, we're limited now. We can only spend, 10 11 between legislative sessions, 12 \$400,000 on a given project. Those 13 numbers have not been inflated for 14 about ten or more years, and we're 15 asking those numbers to go up. If 16 you go to the student center, we'd 17 like to revamp that whole student 18 center/cafeteria area. We've got 19 enough money to do it, but we don't have the permission. It costs over 20 21 \$400,000, so we're having to do it 22 in bits and pieces. So those are 23 the kinds of flexibilities we're 24 looking for. We have other capital 25 requests, but those, given the

1	state's financial situation, may or
2	may not make it. The business
3	school is the next academic building
4	in line. So that's our legislative
5	agenda. We do have I'm not sure
6	it's on the Web site, but we do have
7	it in a brochure that we're going to
8	give out, and we'll be glad to go
9	over get copies of that. I'm going
10	to quit with that and take questions
11	or comments.
12	CHAIR YANARELLA: Let me start off.
13	PRESIDENT TODD: Yeah.
14	CHAIR YANARELLA: I've been fortunate
15	enough to participate in one fashion
16	or another in the Top 20 Business
17	Plan deliberations, and I certainly
18	do appreciate the access that you've
19	given me. In looking at that plan
20	as it has unfolded, one of the
21	nagging concerns I have, as a
22	Kentuckian, is that we still as a
23	university don't seem to be able to
24	convince important constituencies
25	that the University of Kentucky is

the flagship university of the 1 2 state. If you go to Indiana, if you 3 go to Michigan, if you go to Ohio, 4 if you go to myriad other states 5 in -- within driving distance, easy 6 driving distance from Kentucky, I 7 think there's a general sense among the populace about who is or what is 8 9 the flagship university. And yet we've heard from the Governor, we've 10 heard from some of his aids, words 11 12 like "the two flagship universities of Kentucky." In looking at the 88 13 14 public universities within which we are positioned, UK is somewhere 15 around 36th presently and University 16 of Louisville is somewhere around 17 18 86th, and yet we find this kind of 19 problem. Why do you think it's 20 important to -- for us to make that 21 convincing argument? And do you 22 have any strategies for getting this 23 across? I think it's going to be 24 crucial as this Top 20 Business Plan 25 circulates.

1	PRESIDENT TODD: Well, my first strategy
2	when I heard the Governor say that,
3	was to tell him that we shouldn't
4	say that, and he hasn't said it
5	since then, I don't think. He's had
6	other things on his mind, I guess.
7	His speech writers put it in there.
8	I talked to Virginia Fox about it
9	too, and I've talked with others,
10	but it's I think one of the
11	challenges when House Bill 1 came
12	out is that we were thrown in kind
13	of a research bag with Louisville,
14	so we're kind of the two research
15	universities now. And then
16	sometimes they say two statewide
17	universities, and that's not the
18	case either. I don't miss that
19	point when I talk to these
20	legislators one-on-one. I'm not
21	sure how many we've met with. Now,
22	I said 32; it's somewhere up there.
23	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's about
24	right.
25	PRESIDENT TODD: But I intend to meet in

1	small groups with as many
2	legislators as I can to get that
3	point across and keep driving it
4	home with the CPE. We can't afford
5	two Top 20 universities in this
6	state. We can't afford the
7	universities we have in this state,
8	and that's what's got us in the
9	situation where we are. We're just
10	going to have to just eat, you know,
11	peanut butter (inaudible) and cross
12	the way. What I'm hoping with this
13	plan, and I think the reaction has
14	been very favorable, when we lay it
15	out in the front of the
16	legislators. I didn't bring it with
17	me today to show you all the things,
18	but we've got grass in there to show
19	where all of our benchmarks are and
20	where we are, which ones we think we
21	can overtake, and it gets down to
22	that kind of details, and they
23	appreciate that. And I think that
24	will let them (inaudible)
25	differently. We're thinking on

1	getting up there, and we know what
2	it takes and so that I guess
3	that's my engineering background.
4	I'd rather sell from strength by
5	killing them with information and
6	asking for comparison data, and I
7	don't usually miss the point of
8	trying to position other state
9	universities on that list when I do
LO	this, so it's important. Questions
L1	or comments from anybody? Yes.
L2	LESNAW: Can you indicate how our
L3	marvelous progress over the last few
L4	years, and it has been, compares
L5	with our benchmarks and, for that
L6	matter, with Louisville?
L7	PRESIDENT TODD: That's a good
L8	question. One of the things that
L9	I've asked, and I haven't gotten
20	data well, we've gone from 31st
21	to 28th. That's the only rock solid
22	thing I can tell you. That's
23	national measures. One of the
24	challenges is that the research data
25	didn't come out the expenditure

1	data we're operating off now is 2002
2	data, and we've gone up
3	substantially since then. We're not
4	sure what the benchmarks have done.
5	But one thing I have asked, and
6	Angie Martin is working on this on
7	this Top 20 Plan, is that when we
8	look at these graphs of where we are
9	right now, we're 35th in the total
10	measures, but we're not finished.
11	That's why we (inaudible) slide a
12	little bit. But I want to
13	(inaudible) of where we were in
14	1997, and one thing that we've shown
15	that we do have in there is a place
16	where we have made significant
17	headway is in nonfederal research.
18	So picture this, if you will:
19	You've got the 20th position in
20	1997, and we were short of that 20th
21	position by quite a bit. And then
22	you've got that 20th position in
23	2005, and we're much higher. We are
24	only we're probably only two
25	percentage points away. We actually

1	rank 23rd among 88 schools in
2	non-federal research. We rank 35th
3	in federal research, and so we do
4	need to show that dynamics
5	(inaudible). Louisville has done a
6	very good job in the medical field,
7	and they are so focused. You know,
8	they have got half the Ph.D.'s we
9	have; they've got Jewish Hospital
10	and they've got Norton Hospital.
11	They're helping them focus right in
12	that medical area, and so they've
13	done quite well. Their growth rate
14	has probably been above ours in that
15	case. But when you look at the
16	measures that we talk about, what
17	moves them down that chain is it's
18	not just research; it's the quality
19	of the graduate program, the
20	productivity of the graduate
21	program, the quality of the
22	undergraduate program, where we
23	measure ACTs, we measure graduation
24	rates, we measure student-faculty
25	ratio So we take the measures into

consideration; that's what moves 1 2 them down. It's complex. I mean, the measure -- I told you the four 3 4 parameters we're looking at, four major categories: Undergraduate, 5 graduate, faculty and research. The 6 7 one that we're the closest in is research; we're at about 26 in that 8 9 calculation. And that would be the easiest one, probably, for us to 10 11 focus on. But as I said before, we 12 could forget Business and Law and 13 Fine Arts and many parts of Arts and 14 Sciences because they don't generate research dollars. That would not be 15 16 appropriate, so we're not doing it. 17 That's why we have those other 18 measures. When it comes down to it, 19 it's some good data. What you see 20 is that the Top 20, the slope, if 21 you look at the curve, the 88, the 22 Top 20 slopes like this. It means 23 you've got another group that slopes 24 likes this, and then you've got 25 another group that's fairly flat,

71	
1	which means you can move along that
2	part of it, but if you start trying
3	to go to higher ground, it gets
4	tough. So we have increased our
5	federal funding by 40 million
6	dollars since 1997, but the 20th
7	position has gone up 60 million
8	dollars. And so they're not waiting
9	on us. As I often said, I've not
10	gotten a single letter from a Top 20
11	president saying, "We're ready to
12	leave here; why don't you come take
13	our place." It's not easy. That's
14	a good question. That's one that
15	we'll get more information on.
16	SCOTT: If I could ask that people who
17	are asking questions, please
18	identify themselves for the court
19	reporter, that would be great.
20	DUKE: Mary Duke, Medicine. I was
21	(inaudible) the report on your Dream

DUKE: Mary Duke, Medicine. I was

(inaudible) the report on your Dream

Tour was very nice, and I hadn't

been clued in as to what you-all

did. That was very informative to

hear that, and it sounds like you

1	made some real progress as far as
2	engaging the local people as to how
3	UK (inaudible). I was wondering
4	what you had in mind in terms of
5	keeping momentum going, especially
6	here on campus with the larger
7	faculty.
8	PRESIDENT TODD: Well, I met today with
9	Arts and Sciences, with the
LO	department chairs. I met two weeks
L1	ago with the Fine Arts faculty, and
L2	I'm going to make the rounds with
L3	all the faculties. I've met with
L4	the University Senate the Staff
L5	Senate, I mean, already. And it's
L6	just going to be a lot of
L7	communications to talk about it.
L8	And I think the one thing I don't
L9	have a display this time, but we got
20	a ton of positive press on that
21	Dream Tour. The Ashland newspaper,
22	we met with their editorial board.
23	They wrote an editorial that was
24	repeated in about 28 newspapers,
25	something like that across the

1	state. And it was you know, one
2	of my most refreshing moments was in
3	Henderson. There's an older
4	gentleman who's a writer that was
5	waiting for us when we got off the
6	bus. And he came up to me and he
7	said, "I want to thank you for
8	facing some of Kentucky's
9	problems." He said, "I've heard you
10	speak to these Kentucky"
11	(inaudible). He said, "Kentucky's a
12	great state at ignoring its problems
13	until they become so bad that we
14	can't handle them, and then we're
15	smitten with them and we can't
16	overcome them." And he said, "At
17	least you're taking on some of the
18	problems." I would say that most of
19	the headlines that we got across the
20	state were "UK Facing Kentucky
21	Problems," something like that, and
22	that makes it more real to people.
23	When we were in Madisonville, there
24	was a big law officer there named
25	Cheyenne. He ought to have his own

1	TV show; had the guns on and the
2	whole business. And we had trained
3	that group down there to watch out
4	for methamphetamine usage. And he
5	came up I met with him before we
6	had our speech, and he said, "You
7	know," he said, "We heard that UK
8	was going to come down here and
9	teach us something about
10	methamphetamines, and we said,
11	'Yeah, sure, you know, they'll drop
12	in and be gone and that will be
13	it.'" And he said, "This has really
14	changed the way we operate." He
15	said, "This could be a model for the
16	state and for the nation." So I had
17	him speak to the crowd, because we
18	need those kinds of things to be
19	said by people other than us. So
20	that's we ought to find a way to
21	summarize those headlines and get
22	them out so you can see what the
23	press had to say about it. The
24	Herald-Leader (inaudible). I better
25	go. I've got an admissions group

1	waiting on me over at Funkhouser
2	I've got to go talk to. Appreciate
3	the work that you do. We've got our
4	work cut out for us. There's stuff
5	on your plate that you have to do;
6	there's stuff that I want to help
7	add to your plate with respect to
8	the USP. I think this committee
9	we've put together, the task force,
10	is going to really take that and run
11	with it and help continue to improve
12	this undergraduate education while
13	we continue to drive the research
14	and (inaudible) profiles of this
15	university. Thanks a lot.
16	(APPLAUSE.)
17	CHAIR YANARELLA: Okay. I'd like to
18	remind you again of the fact that we
19	have a regular Senate meeting next
20	Monday at the Young Auditorium, and
21	I also want to remind you that, if
22	you came in early and did not sign
23	in, that the sign-in sheets are
24	available for our records. There
25	being no further huginess for today

1	STATE OF KENTUCKY)
2	COUNTY OF FAYETTE)
3	
4	I, ROBYN BARRETT, CSR, the undersigned Notary
5	Public in and for the State of Kentucky at Large,
6	certify that the foregoing transcript of the
7	captioned meeting of the University of Kentucky
8	Senate is a true, complete, and accurate transcript
9	of said proceedings as taken down in stenotype by
10	me and later reduced to computer-aided
11	transcription under my direction, and the foregoing
12	is a true record of these proceedings.
13	I further certify that I am not employed by nor
14	related to any member of the University of Kentucky
15	Senate and I have no personal interest in any
16	matter before this Council.
17	My Commission Expires: November 24, 2007.
18	IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my
19	hand and seal of office on this the 19th day of
20	October, 2005.
21	
22	
23	
24	ROBYN BARRETT, CERTIFIED SHORTHAND
25	REPORTER, NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE AT LARGE, KENTUCKY