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APPLICATION FOR NEW COURSE

OFFICE OF THE SENATE COUNCIL

1.	Subr	mitted by the College of Public Health Date: 3/3/08
	Depa	artment/Division proposing course: Epidemiology
2.	Ргор	posed designation and Bulletin description of this course:
	a.	Prefix and Number CPH 613
	b.	Title* Molecular Epidemiology, Cancer Prevention & Control *If title is longer than 24 characters, write a sensible title (24 characters or less) for use on transcripts: Molecular Epi
	c.	Courses must be described by <u>at least one</u> of the categories below. Include the number of <u>actual contact hours per week</u> for each category, as applicable.
	(_ (_	
	d.	Please choose a grading system:
	e.	Number of credit hours: 3
	f.	Is this course repeatable? YES NO If YES, maximum number of credit hours:
	g.	Course description:
	-	This course consists of didactic lectures, journal clubs, and small group round table discussions related to the principles of underlying biomarker discovery and development for cancer prevention and control. The overarching goal of this course will be to assess how biomarkers are developed and used for the risk assessment, early detection, diagnosis, prognosis, and theragnosis of cancer.
	h.	Prerequisite(s), if any:
	-	Introduction to Epidemiology (CPH 605) or consent of instructor
	i.	Will this course be offered through Distance Learning? If YES, please circle one of the methods below that reflects how the majority of the course content will be delivered: Internet/Web- Interactive Extended campus Kentucky Educational Television Other
		based video (KET/teleweb)
3.	Tea	ching method: N/A or Community-Based Experience Service Learning Component Both
4.	101	be cross-listed as: Prefix and Number Signature of chair of cross-listing department

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5.	Requested effective date (term/year): Fall / 2008				
6.	Course to be offered (please check all that apply): Fall Spring Summer				
7.	Will the course be offered every year?	\boxtimes	YES	□ №	
	If NO, please explain:				—
8.	Why is this course needed?				
	This course will be a selective in the Epidemiology track.				_
					_
9.	a. By whom will the course be taught? Andre Baron				
,		- 52	VEC		
	b. Are facilities for teaching the course now available?	\boxtimes	YES	∐ NO	
	If NO, what plans have been made for providing them?				
10	TVI - t				_
10.	What yearly enrollment may be reasonably anticipated? 15-20				
			Yes		
11.	a. Will this course serve students primarily within the department?		1 63		
	b. Will it be of interest to a significant number of students outside the department? If YES, please explain.	\boxtimes	YES	□ NO	
	Students in other Public Health tracks may be interested.		_		
12.	Will the course serve as a University Studies Program course [†] ?		YES	⊠ NO	
	If YES, under what Area?				
	[†] AS OF SPRING 2007, THERE IS A MORATORIUM ON APPROVAL OF NEW COURSES FOR	USP.			
13.	Check the category most applicable to this course:				
	traditional – offered in corresponding departments at universities elsewhere				
	relatively new – now being widely established				
	not yet to be found in many (or any) other universities				
14.	Is this course applicable to the requirements for at least one degree or certificate at UK?	\boxtimes	Yes	☐ No	
15.	Is this course part of a proposed new program?		YES	⊠ NO	
	If YES, please name:				
16.	Will adding this course change the degree requirements for ANY program on campus? If YES [‡] , list below the programs that will require this course:		YES	⊠ NO	

APPLICATION FOR NEW COURSE

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	‡In o	order to change t	he program(s), a progra	m change	form(s) m	ust also b	e submitted	d.	
17.	\boxtimes	The major tead	ching objectives of the p	roposed co	ourse, sylla	abus and/	or referenc	e list to be used are attached	•
18.		Check box if course is 400G or 500.	and graduate students	by (i) requ	iring addi	tional assi	ignments b	s showing differentiation for y the graduate students; and duate students. (See SR 3.1.4	or (ii) the
19.	Wit	hin the departme	ent, who should be conta	cted for fu	orther info	rmation al	bout the pr	oposed new course?	
Nam	e: <u>.</u>	Andre Baron	·	Phone:	323-172	9	Email:	a.baron@uky.edu	
20.		14/30/2 TE of Approval	DOS by Department Faculty		The MAS inted name Inda A.	7	Reported	by Department Chair	Signature
	D	ATE of Approve	al by College Faculty	pri	inted name		Reporte	d by Conege Dean	Rignalitre
		Co	val by Undergraduate ouncil	pri	inted name	Repo	orted by Un	ndergraduate Council Chair	signature
	* D	ATE of Approva	Nal by Graduate Council	pri	inted name	Reserva	eported by	Graduate Courseil Chair	signature
	· *		oval by Health Care ouncil (HCCC)	pri	inted name	Reporte	d by Health	h Care Colleges Council Cha	air signature
	* D	ATE of Approva	al by Senate Council	. 		Repo	orted by O	ffice of the Senate Council	
	* D	ATE of Approva	al by University Senate			Repo	orted by O	ffice of the Senate Council	

*If applicable, as provided by the University Senate Rules. (http://www.uky.edu/USC/New/RulesandRegulationsMain.htm)

CPH 613: Molecular Epidemiology, Cancer Prevention & Control Fall 2008, Wednesday 6:00 - 8:30 pm, Nursing 504

Course Director

Andre Baron, M.S., Ph.D., M.P.H.

800 Rose Street

Markey Cancer Center

Ben F. Roach Building, Room 408

Lexington, KY 40536-0093

Office hours: M-F 8-12 noon by appointment

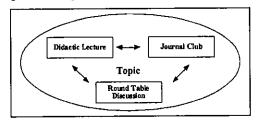
The course director and faculty will be available for consultation. Students are encouraged to consult with all participating faculty.

Course Faculty	<u>Phone</u>	<u>Email</u>
Andre Baron	323-1729	a.baron@uky.edu
Esther Black	323-5898	penni.black@uky.edu
Diane Davey	257-9547	ddavey2@email.uky.edu
Claudia Hopenhayn	296-6630	cmhope0@pop.uky.edu
Natasha Kyprianou	323-9812	nkypr2@uky.edu
Guo-Min Li	257-7053	gmli@uky.edu
Bert Lynn	257-2300 X287	bclynn2@uky.edu
David Mannino	323-3608	dmannino@uky.edu
Hollie Skaggs	323-1383	hsskag2@uky.edu

Course Description & Structure

Molecular Epidemiology, Cancer Prevention and Control, is a 3-credit hour course consisting of didactic lectures, journal clubs, and small group round table discussions related to the principles underlying biomarker discovery and development for cancer prevention and control. The overarching goal of this course will be to assess how biomarkers are developed and used for the risk assessment, early detection, diagnosis, prognosis, and theragnosis of cancer. This course will meet once per week (2 1/2 hr session) with an overview and/or historical review of the weekly topic presented in a didactic lecture format during the first hour by the instructor. This will be followed by an oral student presentation of a current or historically relevant research publication during the second hour using the journal club format. Finally, a round table small group discussion format will be used to focus on questions and issues relevant to the topic during the final 1/2 hour. This active teaching/learning strategy effectively involves students in the learning and discovery process, in processing new information, and in

holding students accountable for learned information by asking them immediately to apply their knowledge to discuss the topic. Problem centered learning puts learning into context and facilitates learning transfer by allowing students to organize and categorize information into meaningful units, to discover



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relationships, and to extract and assimilate important points in an interactive and participatory venue.

Audience

This course serves is designed primarily for graduate public health students with professional interests in molecular epidemiology as this topic relates to cancer prevention and control. This course also is appropriate for students in other related health professions (i.e., medicine, nursing, pharmacy) and the biological sciences.

Balance of Historic and Current Scientific Perspectives

Given the rapid pace of progress in the biological and epidemiological sciences and the exponential growth rate of relevant literature, the general philosophy that is promoted within this course is to <u>teach less better</u>. The objective here is to lay a strong foundation in cancer molecular epidemiology with the clear understanding that what is particularly relevant and important today, may not be so tomorrow. Therefore, <u>emphasis is placed on developing paradigms and themes in molecular epidemiology</u>, as well as critical review and evaluation of issues at the forefront of modern molecular epidemiology and biology as they relate to cancer prevention and control.

Commitment, Accountability, and Responsibility

Integral to this teaching philosophy is *Peer-Performance Assessment* and the *Teaching Learning Model*. These strategies create a climate in which all students are encouraged to develop their learning and teaching skills. This results in a classroom environment where students from diverse backgrounds feel welcome to fully participate in discussions and problem solving. In this way, desired student performances are tied directly to the efforts of the students themselves, to the involvement of students in the teaching-learning process, to the opportunities to make choices, and to the degree to which students interact with their peers and instructors. Emphasis is placed on organization and presentation skills, accountability tracking, peer assessment, and instructional feedback.

Course Requirements & Grading Criteria

10% class participation, quizzes, & round table discussion 30% journal club presentations 30% journal topic essays 30% term paper or student debate

- 1. Tests There are no tests in this course.
- 2. Quizzes Please be prepared to take a 5-minute quiz on the reading assignment at the beginning of each class.

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Grading Scale for Graduate Students

100-90% = A

89.9-80% =B

79.9-70% = C

< 69.9% = E

- 3. Journal Club Presentations & Topic Essays A schedule of student journal club presentations will be developed during the first class period. Journal club presentations will only be rescheduled for legitimate reasons accompanied by verifiable documentation. In addition to the oral presentation, students will be required to provide a copy of their presentation slides (or overheads) with speaker's notes to each person in the class as a handout packet at the time of the journal club. Students will be expected to attend all class sessions and to participate in discussions and/or problem sets related to the journal club. A topic essay (single-spaced 1-2 page limit; 10-12 pt font) will be due by 12:00 midnight on Friday for grading by the instructor. The topic essay should be e-mailed to Dr. Baron at a.baron@uky.edu.
- 4. Term Papers or Debate Students in the course will elect to write a term paper or have a debate on a topic relevant to cancer molecular epidemiology at the beginning of the semester. The term paper due date or debate date will be announced during the first class period and shown on the course syllabus.
- 5. Grading Journal club presentation grades will be based on peer and instructor assessment. Special topic essays and term papers that are not completed in a timely manner according to the class schedule will be subject to point deductions; 5 points will be deducted for each late day past the due date. The grading standards employed will be as follows. Students who perform in these ranges will receive the indicated grades.

A: 90-100%

B: 80-89%

C: 70-79%

D: 60-69%

E: below 60%

Special topic essays can be submitted to the course director within one week (7 days) for a re-evaluation if it is deemed that a mistake has been made in the original grading. Submissions must be accompanied by a written explanation of the perceived mistake. Upon submission, the entire problem set or topic essay may be subject to re-evaluation and all questions therein may be re-graded.

Course Text and Reference Materials

The instructors will provide all reading assignments.

Reference books (Placed on reserve in the Course Director's Office):

- Molecular Epidemiology: Principles and Practices, 1993, edited by Paul A. Schulte and Frederica P. Perera, Academic Press, San Diego
- Molecular Biology of the Cell, 4th Edition, 2002, edited by Bruce Alberts, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts, and Peter Walter, Garland Science, New York

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- The Biological Basis of Cancer, 2000, edited by Robert G. McKinnell, Ralph E. Parchment, Alan O. Perantoni, and G. Barry Pierce, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge
- The Biology of Cancer, 2007, edited by Robert A. Weinberg, Garland Science, Taylor & Francis Group, LLC

College of Public Health Terminal Objectives in Epidemiology

Please refer to the College of Public Health student handbooks for information about general education program objectives (http://www.ukcph.org/). Students who take this course will be able to:

- 1. Assess the purpose and application of molecular epidemiology as it relates to cancer prevention and control.
- 2. Search and critically read and interpret publications in molecular epidemiology.
- 3. Identify and use appropriate epidemiological study designs and principles to address research questions in molecular epidemiology.
- 4. Assess how to collect and manage data for investigational molecular epidemiology studies.
- 5. Assess the statistical methods used to analyze molecular epidemiological data.
- 6. Interpret and clearly communicate molecular epidemiological research findings.
- 7. Assess any ethical issues that may confront molecular epidemiological studies.
- 8. Assess how the principles of molecular epidemiology are integrated into the practice of public health and medicine.

Academic Integrity & Honesty

Academic honesty is fundamental to the activities and principles of a university. All members of the academic community must be confident that each person's work has been responsibly and honorably prepared, developed, and presented. Any effort to gain an advantage not given to all students is dishonest whether or not the effort is successful. The academic community regards academic dishonesty as an extremely serious matter, with serious consequences that range from a grade "E" to expulsion from the University. Both cheating and plagiarism are considered academic dishonesty. Cheating refers to any unauthorized assistance during examination questions to/from other student(s). Plagiarism is academic "theft", and includes not properly crediting another author for his/her work or idea. Any paraphrase or direct quotation from a published or unpublished work should be properly cited with a footnote or reference. Students must be particularly careful not to engage in plagiarism, even inadvertently, since computers and Internet webrowsing seem to facilitate this process.

The Department of Health Services Management, the College of Public Health, and the University of Kentucky place a premium on academic honesty. Please refer to the

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University of Kentucky Student Rights and Responsibilities document (www.uky.edu/StudentAffairs/Code/part2.html).

Student's with Disabilities

If you have a documented disability that requires academic accommodations, please see me as soon as possible during scheduled office hours. In order to receive accommodations in this course, you must provide me with a Letter of Accommodation from the Disability Resource Center (www.uky.edu/TLC/grants/uk_ed/services/drc.html). If you have not already done so, please register with the Disability Resource Center (Room 2 Alumni Gym, 257-2754, ikarnes@uky.edu) for coordination of campus disability services available to students with disabilities.

Provisionality

As Course Director, I reserve the right to clarify or amend these policies, in which case I will document the clarification or amendment in an email memorandum.

Week/Date	Weekly Topic, Readings, & Journal Club Paper	Instructor & Assigned Student
Week 1	Introductions, Course Overview, Molecular Biology Primer, Genomics, Transcriptomics, Metabolomics, and Proteomics Readings A Conceptual and Historical Framework for Molecular Epidemiology (Schulte 1993) Molecular Biology in Epidemiology (Hurst and Rao 1993) Critical Review of Epidemiologic Studies (Aschengrau and Seage III 2003) Epidemiology informing clinical practice: from bills of mortality to population laboratories (Potter 2005) Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club Human cancers express a mutator phenotype (Bielas,	Baron
	Loeb et al. 2006)	T
Week 2	Biomarker Discovery Using Proteomic Techniques Readings A biological atlas of functional maps (Vidal 2001) Proteomics for cancer biomarker discovery (Srinivas, Verma et al. 2002) Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club Proteomic profiling identifies cyclooxygenase-2-independent global proteomic changes by celecoxib in colorectal cancer cells (Lou, Fatima et al. 2006)	Lynn
Week 3	Genomics and Pharmacogenomics Readings Pharmacogenomics in cancer treatment defining genetic bases for inter-individual differences in responses to chemotherapy (Ansari and Krajinovic 2007) Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club A pharmacogenomics study of the human estrogen glucuronosyltransferase UGT1A3 (Caillier, Lepine et al. 2007)	Black
Week 4	Risk Assessment: Carcinogens, Inflammation, Cytokines & Growth Factors Readings Mechanism-based cancer prevention approaches: targets, examples, and the use of transgenic mice (Hursting, Slaga et al. 1999) Role of the insulin-like growth factor family in cancer development and progression (Yu and Rohan 2000) Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club Systematic evaluation of genetic variants in the inflammation pathway and risk of lung cancer (Engels, Wu et al. 2007)	Baron
Week 5	Cancer Susceptibility: Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms Readings SNPs in cancer research and treatment (Erichsen and Chanock 2004) Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club	Baron

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	No association between genetic polymorphisms in insulin	
	and insulin receptor substrate-1 and prostate cancer (Li,	
	Cicek et al. 2005)	
 _	Cancer Susceptibility: DNA Damage and DNA Mismatch	Li
	Repair Genes	
	Readings	
	Genetic alterations and DNA repair in human	
	carcinogenesis (Dixon and Kopras 2004)	
	 Interrogating DNA repair in cancer risk assessment (Paz- 	
	Elizur, Brenner et al. 2005)	
Week 6	Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club	
	Polymorphisms in estrogen bioactivation, detoxification	
	and oxidative DNA base excision repair genes and	
	prostate cancer risk (Nock, Cicek et al. 2006)	
	DNA repair by ERCC1 in non-small-cell lung cancer and	
	cisplatin-based adjuvant chemotherapy (Olaussen, Dunant	
	et al. 2006)	_
	Cancer Risk Assessment, Screening & Diagnosis with Serum	Baron
	Biomarkers	
	Readings	
	Principles of bladder cancer screening in an intervention	
	trial (Hulka 1990)	
	Statistical considerations in cancer screening programs	
	(Prorok, Connor et al. 1990)	
	Phases of Biomarker Development for Early Detection of	
Week 7	Cancer (Pepe, Etzioni et al. 2001)	
	Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club	
	Alteration of the serum levels of the epidermal growth	
	factor receptor and its ligands in patients with non-small	
	cell lung cancer and head and neck carcinoma (Lemos-	
	Gonzalez, Rodriguez-Berrocal et al. 2007)	
	Shared immunoproteome for ovarian cancer diagnostics	
	and immunotherapy: potential theranostic approach to	
	cancer (Philip, Murthy et al. 2007) Risk Assessment: Biomarkers of Exposure – Arsenic and	Hopenhayn
	Risk Assessment: Biomarkers of Exposure – Arsenic and Bladder Cancer	Hopomayn
•		
	Readings Micronuclei in exfoliated bladder cells among individuals	
	chronically exposed to arsenic in drinking water (Moore,	1
	Smith et al. 1997)	•
Week 8	Arsenic methylation and bladder casncer risk in case-	
TT QUE U	control studies in Argentina and the United States	
	(Steinmaus, Bates et al. 2006)	
	Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club	
	Interaction between environmental tobacco smoke and	
	arsenic methylation ability on the risk of bladder cancer	
	(Chen, Su et al. 2005)	
	Cancer Screening: HPV DNA Testing, Cytology, and Cervical	Davey
	Cancer	
Week 9	Readings	
	Management of women who test positive for high-risk	
	types of human papillomavirus: the HART study (Cuzick,	

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	Szarewski et al. 2003)	
	 Overview of the European and North American studies 	
	on HPV testing in primary cervical cancer screening	
	(Cuzick, Clavel et al. 2006)	
	Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club	
	 Human papillomavirus prevalence and type distribution 	
	in male anogenital sites and semen (Nielson, Flores et al.	
	2007)	
	Risk Assessment: Biomarkers of Chronic Obstructive	Mannino
	Pulmonary Disease and Lung Cancer	
	<u>Readings</u>	
	 Carcinogenicity of metal compounds: possible role of 	
;	DNA repair inhibition (Hartwig 1998)	
	 Urinary cadmium levels predict lower lung function in 	
Week 10	current and former smokers: data from the Third National	
	Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (Mannino,	
	Holguin et al. 2004)	
	Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club	
	 Profiling serum biomarkers in patients with COPD: 	
	associations with clinical parameters (Pinto-Plata, Toso et	
	al. 2007)	
· · · · · ·	Cancer Diagnosis & Prognosis: Tumor Suppressors,	Baron
	Oncogenes, and Cell Cycle Regulatory Proteins	
	Readings	
	Tumor Suppressor Genes (Ruddon 1995)	
	Oncogenes (Ruddon 1995)	
	The cell cycle: accelerators, brakes, and checkpoints	
	(Ivanchuk and Rutka 2004)	
	Regulation of telomerase by telomeric proteins	
Week 11	(Smogorzewska and de Lange 2004)	
W COR II	(Smogorzewska and de Lange 2004) Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club	
	Younger age of cancer initiation is associated with shorter	
	telomere length in Li-Fraumeni syndrome (Tabori, Nanda	
	et al. 2007)	
	Analysis of p53 protein expression levels on ovarian	
	cancer tissue microarray using automated quantitative	
	analysis elucidates prognostic patient subsets (Psyrri,	
	Kountourakis et al. 2007)	Kunnianov
	Cancer Diagnosis & Prognosis: Apoptotic Regulatory Proteins	Kyprianou
	Readings	
	Mitochondria: releasing power for life and unleashing the	
	machineries of death (Newmeyer and Ferguson-Miller	
	2003)	
Week 12	Medicine. Targeting apoptotic pathways in cancer cells	
TT OUR 12	(Denicourt and Dowdy 2004)	
	Apoptosis as a novel target for cancer chemoprevention	
	(Sun, Hail et al. 2004)	1
	Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club	
	 Influence of survivin and caspase-3 on cell apoptosis and 	
	prognosis in gastric carcinoma. (Li, Wang et al. 2004)	
	Cancer Diagnosis & Prognosis: MicroRNAs, DNA	Skaggs
Week 13	Methylation & Epigenetic Therapy	

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 -		
	 Readings The power and the promise of DNA methylation markers (Laird 2003) 	
	 Epigenetics and human disease: translating basic biology into clinical applications (Rodenhiser and Mann 2006) 	
	DNA methylation as a therapeutic target in cancer (Issa 2007)	
	 miRNA profiling for diagnosis and prognosis of human cancer (Jay, Nemunaitis et al. 2007) 	,
	Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club	
	Association of genetic variants of O6-methylguanine- DNA methyltransferase with risk of lung cancer in non-	
	Hispanic Whites. (Wang, Liu et al. 2006) • Epigenetic inactivation of BRCA1 is associated with	
	aberrant expression of CTCF and DNA methyltransferase	
	(DNMT3B) in some sporadic breast tumours (Butcher and	
	Rodenhiser 2007)	
	Cancer Theragnosis: Tumor & Serum Biomarkers	Baron
	Readings	
	Metabolomics-based systems biology and personalized	
	medicine: moving towards n = 1 clinical trials? (van der	
	Greef, Hankemeier et al. 2006)	
	Mapping translational research in personalized	
	therapeutics: from molecular markers to health policy	
	(Ozdemir, Williams-Jones et al. 2007) <u>Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club</u>	
	Mass spectrometry to classify non-small-cell lung cancer	
Week 14	patients for clinical outcome after treatment with	
	epidermal growth factor receptor tyrosine kinase	
	inhibitors: a multicohort cross-institutional study.	
	(Taguchi, Solomon et al. 2007)	
	Serum proteomic classifier for predicting response to	l i
	epidermal growth factor receptor inhibitor therapy: have	
1	we built a better mousetrap? (Tsao, Liu et al. 2007)	
	A 25-signal proteomic signature and outcome for patients	
	with resected non-small-cell lung cancer. (Yanagisawa,	
	Tomida et al. 2007)	Daron
	Transitional Studies: Biospecimens & Bioinformatics	Baron
	Readings	
	 Biorepository and biospecimen science: a new focus for CEBP (Vaught 2006) 	
	Sample collection, processing, and storage for large-scale	
	studies: biorepositories to support cancer research	
Week 15	(Ambrosone 2006)	
5512 15	Molecular Epidemiology Journal Club	
	Serum levels of insulin-like growth factor-I and insulin-	
	like growth factor-I binding protein-3: quality control for	
	studies of stored serum. (Berrigan, Potischman et al.	
	2007)	Student Teams
	Molecular Epidemiology Debate	
Week 16	Term Paper Deadline	12:00 Midnight

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References

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These guidelines reflect those suggested by the Academic Ombudsman in the August 10,2004 memo to faculty, department chairs, deans, and administrative officers and intend to suggest compliance with the University Faculty Senate Rules (S.R.) as appropriate. For additional information about the syllabus requirements at the University of Kentucky, go to http://www.uky.edu/Ombud/Fall 200.pdf.

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- CPH 613: Molecular Epidemiology, Cancer Prevention & Control Fall 2008, Wednesday 6:00 8:30 pm, Nursing 504
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Nikou, Roshan

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College/Department/Unit:

= CPH 613

Category:_ = New Date_for_Council_Review:

= Nov. 13, 2008

Recommendation_is:_

= Approve

Investigator: = Chris Schardl

E-mail_Address = schardl@uky.edu

= A D-grade should not be indicated in the syllabus. Graduate courses only carry A, B, C, and E. 1 Modifications: Academic Integrity & Honesty: For penalties for cheating or plagiarism, see Student Code of Conduct, part II, section 6.4.3.A.3.

2 Considerations:

3 Contacts: =

4 Additional_Information:

= Very well documented, includes full syllabus and calendar.

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COLLEGE OF PUBLIC HEALTH

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Health Care Colleges Council

FROM:

Linda A. Alexander, EdD

Associate Dean for Academic Affairs

SUBJECT: Proposal for CPH 613 Molecular Epidemiology

DATE:

August 29, 2008

It is the intention of the Department of Epidemiology in the College of Public Health to formally establish a course to teach students in the MPH degree program about the principles underlying biomarker discovery and development. The course has been taught on other previous occasions as a special topics course and was very well received by students. It is being added to the concentration area's list of selectives.

This course proposal has been reviewed and approved by the Academic Affairs Committee and the Faculty Council, according to our college's established bylaws.

Further information about this course can be obtained by contacting the course director, Dr. Andre Baron via phone at 323-1729 or via email at a.baron@uky.edu.

TO:

Linda Alexander

Associate Dean for Academic Affairs

CC:

Marta Mendiondo

Chair, Academic Affairs Committee

CC:

Andre Baron

FROM:

Glyn G. Caldwell

Chair, Faculty Council

DATE:

June 26, 2008

SUBJECT: Approval of CPH 613 Molecular Epidemiology

On June 26, 2008, the Faculty Council of the College of Public Health unanimously approved the course CPH 613 Molecular Epidemiology.

MEMORANDUM

To: Faculty Council

From: Marta S. Mendiondo Weath lendits

Chair, Academic Affairs Committee

Date: June 17, 2008

The Academic Affairs committee approved the proposed new course, CPH 613 Molecular Epidemiology.

UNIVERSITY SENATE REVIEW AND CONSULTATION SUMMARY SHEET

Proposal Title: CPH 613 MOLECULAR EPIDEMIOLOGY

Proposal Contact: Thomas Tucker

121 Washington Avenue Room 113

219-0773 ext 225 tct@kcr.uky.edu

Becki Flanagan

CPH Office of Academic Affairs 121 Washington Avenue Room 110

218-2092 becki@uky.edu

Instruction: To facilitate the processing of this proposal please identify the groups or individuals reviewing the proposal, identify a contact person for each entry, provide the consequences of the review (specifically, approval, rejection, no decision and vote outcome, if any) and please attach a copy of any report or memorandum developed with comments on this proposal.

Reviewed By	Contact person	Consequences of Review	Date of Proposal Review	Review Summary Attached?
Dept of Epidemiology	Thomas Tucker, Chair	Approved	4-30-08	Yes
Academic Affairs Committee	Marta Mendiondo, Chair	Approved	6-17-08	Yes
Faculty Council	Glyn Caldwell, Chair	Approved	7-17-08	Yes
Office of Academic Affairs	Linda Alexander, Associate Dean	Approved	8-28-09	Yes